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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/630,251	07/30/2003	Timothy Scott Shaffer	9D-HL-25032	9392
23465 JOHN S. BEUL	7590 05/30/200 ICK	EXAMINER		
	ONG TEASDALE, LL	STINSON, FRANKIE L		
SUITE 2600	ONE METROPOLITAN SQUARE SUITE 2600 ST LOUIS, MO 63102-2740		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ST LOUIS, MC			1792	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/30/2008	ELECTRONIC

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

USpatents@armstrongteasdale.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/630,251	SHAFFER, TIMOTHY SCOTT	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	/FRANKIE L. STINSON/	1792	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	N. imely filed m the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10     This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ TI     Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice unde	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, p		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a  Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the second of the seco	ccepted or b) objected to by the ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So ection is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreing a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents.</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a little copies.</li> </ul>	ents have been received. ents have been received in Applica riority documents have been receive eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date	

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1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over UK'251 in view of either Martz, Jr. (U. S. Pat. No. 3,223,108) or Takeda et al. (U. S. Pat. No. 5,315,847).

Re claim 1, UK'251 discloses a washing machine comprising:

a tub;

a sensor positioned and configured to sense a conductivity of a fluid in said tub; and a controller operatively coupled to said sensor for controlling an amount of the fluid in said tub based on the conductivity of the fluid (see abstract and page 1, lines 82-94, particularly see "volume", at line 92 and "conductivity" at page 1, lines 95-99) during a rinse cycle (page 1, lines 6-10 and lines 18-24) that differs from the claim only in the recitation of the resistance network, resistor and voltage source. Martz (see fig. 2) and Takeda (see fig. 7) each disclose the resistance network, resistor and voltage source as claimed. It therefore would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the system of UK'251, to include the resistance network, resistor and voltage source as taught by either Martz, or Takeda, since this is considered to be a mere substitution of equivalents. (see MPEP 2144.06 SUBSTITUTING EQUIVALENTS KNOWN FOR THE SAME PURPOSE) and since UK'251 discloses that measurement cant take place by "any known method" (page 2, line 5). All of the claimed elements

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were known in the prior art and one skilled in the art could have combined the elements as claimed by known methods with no change in their respective functions, and the combination would have yielded predictable results to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention. As for the function/operation of the controller, the same is of little patentable weight in apparatus claims in that it is old and well known that the controller has many possible control scenarios. Re claim 2, UK'251 and Takeda disclose the sensor positioned in within the tub. Re claims 4-7,9 and 10, UK'251, Takeda and Martz all discloses the sensing of the conductivity as claimed. Re claims 3, Martz discloses the sensor outside of the tub. Re claim 8, note that the period of 3 seconds claimed is of little patentable weight in apparatus claims and in view of the inherent period in UK'251, Takeda and Martz.

## MPEP2114 APPARATUS CLAIMS MUST BE STRUCTURALLY DISTINGUISHABLE FROM THE PRIOR ART

>While features of an apparatus may be recited either structurally or functionally, claims<directed to >an< apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function. >In re Schreiber, 128 F.3d 1473, 1477-78, 44 USPQ2d 1429,1431-32 (Fed. Cir. 1997) (The absence of a disclosure in a prior art reference relating to function did not defeat the Board's finding of anticipation of claimed apparatus because the limitations at issue were found to be inherent in the prior art reference); see also In re Swinehart, 439 F.2d 210, 212-13, 169 USPQ 226, 228-29 (CCPA 1971);< In re Danly, 263 F.2d 844, 847, 120 USPQ 528, 531 (CCPA 1959). "[A]pparatus claims cover what a device is, not what a device does." Hewlett-Packard Co. v. Bausch &

Lomb Inc., 909 F.2d 1464, 1469, 15 USPQ2d 1525, 1528 (Fed. Cir. 1990) (emphasis in original).

## MANNER OF OPERATING THE DEVICE DOES NOT DIFFERENTIATE APPARATUS CLAIM FROM THE PRIOR ART

A claim containing a "recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus" if the prior art apparatus teaches all the structural limitations of the

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claim. Ex parte Masham, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1987) (The preamble of claim 1 recited that the apparatus was "for mixing flowing developer material" and the body of the claim recited "means for mixing ..., said mixing means being stationary and completely submerged in the developer material". The claim was rejected over a reference which taught all the structural limitations of the claim for the intended use of mixing flowing developer. However, the mixer was only partially submerged in the developer material. The Board held that the amount of submersion is immaterial to the structure of the mixer and thus the claim was properly rejected.).

- 3. Applicant's arguments filed March 10, 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant essentially argues that the prior fails to disclose function/operation as now claimed. While the same is true, it is the examiner's position that, in apparatus claims, if the prior art discloses a controller and all of the claimed structure, notwithstanding function/operation of the controller, the claim subject is met since the device is clearly functioning as claimed. Attention to MPEP 2114 as noted above.
- 4. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to FRANKIE L. STINSON whose telephone number is (571) 272-1308. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 5:30 am to 2:00 pm and some Saturdays from approximately 5:30 am to 11:30 am.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Barr, can be reached on (571) 272-1700. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/FRANKIE L. STINSON/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1792